1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 3 Х : CV-99-3999(JBW) 4 NAACP, et al., 5 Plaintiffs,: United States Courthouse 6 - against -Brooklyn, New York 7 ACUSPORT CORP., et al., January 2, 2003 10:00 a.m. 8 Defendant: : 9 TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR MOTION BEFORE THE HONORABLE JACK B. WEINSTEIN 10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE 11 12 **APPEARANCES:** 13 LAW OFFICES OF ELISA BARNES, LLC For the Plaintiff: 111 Broadway 14 New York, New York 10006 BY: ELISA BARNES, ESQ. 15 16 For the Defendants: RENZULLI, PISCIOTTI & RENZULLI, LLP 17 300 East 42nd Street New York, New York 00017-5947 18 BY: LEONARD S. ROSENBAUM, ESQ. (For Glock, Inc., et al.) 19 20 GORDON-FEINBLATT ROTHMAN, HOFFBERGER & HOLLANDER, LLC 21 233 East Redwood Street Baltimore, Maryland 21202 22 BY: LAWRENCE P. FLETCHER-HILL, ESQ. 23 SEMMES, BOWEN & SEMMES 250 West Pratt Street 24 Baltimore, Maryland 21201 BY: BRITTANY L. ROBERTS, ESQ. 25 (For Bryco Arms, B.L. Jennings)

D. Péreira, CRR USDC Official Court Reporter THE CLERK: Civil cause for motion, NAACP v. Acusport Corp., et al.

Judge, give me a moment. I have to get an attorney on the phone and give them a chance to set up.

THE COURT: Good morning. I will hear the application.

MS. BARNES: Good morning. Your Honor, this is a plaintiffs' action pursuant to Rule 72 for your Honor to vacate the order of Magistrate Judge Pollak and provide the relief requested by plaintiff. I have with me today, should anything come up, Ms. Drew Claxton, who is senior researcher at the National Economic Research Association.

THE COURT: All right.

Swear the witness, please.

THE CLERK: Stand and raise your right hand.

DREW CLAXTON

called by the Plaintiff, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Please state your name.

MS. CLAXTON: Drew Claxton.

MS. BARNES: Your Honor, the application deals with the expert witness reports for primarily one and part of another of plaintiffs' experts. It is based in large part on the fact that due to matters beyond our control and having expended tremendous amount of effort, the ATF data that your

Honor provided to be disclosed to us on September 18th of 2002 was not in its totality and in a usable form provided. It was not provided until Saturday, December 7th, near the open of our office on that day to receive the data.

Ms. Claxton began working the next day, December 8th, on Sunday, and we have moved on from there.

The problem is that the data that had been ruled by your Honor to be provided by the end of September allowing plaintiffs then approximately two-and-a-half months to analyze was not received until December 8th.

To put this application in some context, your Honor, I would like to back up for a second.

Plaintiffs submitted on December 20th twelve expert reports. One of them totaled, I believe, 1400 pages. There are extensive analyses provided and that had been provided to defendants. Plaintiffs indicated to the Court, to defense counsel, that we stood ready starting at the beginning of this past week, December 30th, to go forward with expert witness reports for all twelve. It is not that plaintiffs have been sitting around doing nothing waiting for this data. We have complied in the majority of the instances with the magistrate judge's orders. We have provided defendants with extensive material for which they can begin and pretty much complete their analyses of plaintiffs' experts.

The other context that I would ask the Court to

evaluate before I get into the kind of particulars of the ATF data is that since May 4th, when your Honor set this case down for trial, plaintiffs have done extensive amount of work. We have received thousands and thousands of pages of documents, forwarded them on to experts. We have taken over 60 depositions throughout the entire summer. All this has been by and large in accordance with the schedule set up by the magistrate judge. There have been some little overlaps here and there. We have endeavored, I think through almost insurmountable odds, thanks to the good work of many people, to accommodate both the defendants and to adhere to the trial schedule set by this Court.

The ATF issue, however, was something that was completely beyond plaintiffs' control. As this Court may recall, the Court ordered the data submitted to all the parties' experts. It was our understanding that part of the purpose of having Mr. Dokery (ph) assigned to assist the ATF and the parties to work out this issue and to go through extensive meetings at ATF this summer was to bring all the experts up to speed on what this data was, what format it would come in, how it would be used. To obviate the long learning curve, or to shorten the learning curve, plaintiffs' experts took that extremely seriously.

We received the data initially from ATF on the 27th of September. Ms. Claxton set about to immediately deal with

it. Within a day and a half, we realized that the ATF had not submitted the data to us in a way that was usable or readable or had been agreed on. We heard nothing from the defense experts on this issue.

Ms. Claxton continued to work on it. I contacted both the deputy general counsel at ATF. I contacted this Court. I contacted the magistrate judge. We continued on. We reached an agreement without resort to coming back into Court because the ATF understood that they had not provided it in exactly the form requested and agreed on.

In the middle of October, they gave us some of the trace database in a form. Ms. Claxton then turned to the firearms licensing database, which your Honor may recall was the second part of your Honor's order; that dealt with the names, the sequencing codes, the identifying codes of the firearms licensees, which is an integral part of how this database is both used at ATF and is used by the experts in this case.

Ms. Claxton began to try to deal with this database that had been provided in a form entitled comma delimited, which had never been discussed among the experts. In fact, it is my understanding that Howard Andrews had specifically requested from the ATF that it not be produced in this form because it is apparently an almost impossible form to use by data analysts.

Ms. Claxton, and she will be happy to discuss this with the Court, but Ms. Claxton had to write programs to attempt to use it. She worked on it for over two weeks, consulted with Dr. Andrews, consulted with ATF extensively, and found at the end of that time that it was simply in a format that was not usable, and together, we got the ATF to put it into another format, the fixed field format. That did not occur until November 27 -- I'm sorry. Monday, November 25th, was the first time that we, plaintiffs' experts, received the fixed field format licensing system file.

Throughout this time, there had been no word from defendants' experts. The data that had been produced by ATF to each of these points is not readable by any programmer or magician even, and it is not simply that their experts can do something that our experts cannot do. I think one must conclude it is a situation where defendants' experts, despite having been brought into this process early, have relied and waited on Plaintiffs' experts to do the enormity of the work in putting this data together.

ATF has been as cooperative as they can possibly be. They have been working with us going back and forth and, thus, what happened between Monday, November 25th and December 7th, was a submission of at least three other file formats in which ATF is trying to work out the production of this data. Ms. Claxton and the rest of the staff,

Dr. Andrews, are also trying to work to get the data into some kind of form.

After a number of phone calls by counsel, and Ms. Claxton having spent well over 100 hours in getting this data into any kind of form that can be just read so that the analysis can start, did not occur until sometime at the beginning of December.

That said, when my experts called and said this

December 20th deadline will not be possible to be met, it was

me looking at a calendar, working backwards from the trial

date from the submission of defense counsel experts,

et cetera, that I came up with January 15 as the last

possible date that I could see that would be reasonable for

the magistrate judge and the Court to give to us provide the

information to defense counsel. That gives them over five

weeks to simply replicate what we had had less than five

weeks to put together as a report.

Their reports could still be done on the 19th. We could still continue to do the depositions. We are ready and able to do them quickly. It allows for a short window at the end of the case, the end of discovery, for defense counsel to move as they might. It still allows us to have the trial date. I did not hear from the magistrate judge until December 20th, which was when the reports were due. The magistrate judge decided to make the reports of NERA and

Dr. Andrews due on January 6th, and to give the defendants another two weeks beyond the 19th, to the 28th of February, for the submission of their responding reports, thus giving plaintiffs only three weeks at the end of the period in which to receive the reports, take depositions and prepare for trial on those issues.

I think given the totality of the facts of what plaintiffs have done and have worked on to get this case ready and to prepare the ATF data essentially for defendants counsel so that they can take our programs on, hopefully, with your Honor's permission, on January 15th, plug them into their computers and in an afternoon have access to data that we have literally been working on for hours and hours and hours over two-and-a-half months, because we have gotten the date into readable programs, formats, and defense will simply be able to plug it in as one would plug in an Access file or an Excel file. They will not have to write programs. All that work has been done for them.

Accordingly, given the totality of all the facts in this case and our efforts to keep the case on trial schedule, I would respectfully ask the Court to allow plaintiffs to serve the reports of NERA and the part of the report of Dr. Howard Andrews on the 15th, which NERA would have a lot longer, but by my account, is the last possible date to make all these timetables work in this matter.

I ask the Court to do that and understand that the burden on me is great. Given the total of these circumstances, I would hope that the Court could see that in fact a mistake had been made by the magistrate judge and clear error in this matter on both the facts and the law committed.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Well, Ms. Claxton, this all seems very abstract to me. This is one and a half reports? What is this that you need time for.

MS. CLAXTON: One and a half reports. It would be our report, NERA's report. Our entire research and analyses is using the ATF database. We had expected that we receive everything that we needed by September 27th or end of September.

THE COURT: I understand that. What are you trying to show with this particular data?

MS. BARNES: Well --

THE COURT: Excuse me, I am addressing the expert.

MS. CLAXTON: I am the data person. I am not the expert witness on this project.

THE COURT: What do you know about what we're talking about?

MS. CLAXTON: I know about the data and how long it has taken. I am the one who is working with the data.

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particular data?

THE COURT: What is it intended to show? MS. CLAXTON: We would have at least, had we had all the data by September, end of September, we would have at least been able to replicate analyses done previously, any analyses based on geographic --THE COURT: How does that help me? What are you trying to show with the data? MS. BARNES: Your Honor, Ms. Claxton is really not the person. I have asked her to come today in order to provide the Court support for the enormous difficulty. What plaintiffs are trying to show --Excuse me. Then she is not helpful to THE COURT: me. MS. BARNES: She is helpful in the sense, your Honor, that she is the only one who can speak to --THE COURT: Excuse me. What is this data trying to prove? What do you expect the experts to say? What is the conclusion of all of this analysis going to be? MS. BARNES: That some defendants were disproportionately involved in traces; they had sold repeatedly into outlets, retail outlets, that are involved with traces; what types of sales are involved in most of the the geographic issues involving the traces. traces: THE COURT: All of this is coming from this

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MS. BARNES:
                            Absolutely.
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                            Now, have you put this data into
               THE COURT:
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     usable form now?
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               MS. CLAXTON: Yes, it is. As of December 15th.
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               THE COURT:
                            Has that data in usable form been
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     supplied to the defendants?
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                            No, it hasn't.
               MS. BARNES:
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               MR. TENNEY:
                            No.
                            Why can't you do that immediately?
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               THE COURT:
               MS. BARNES:
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                            To supply them the programs as we have
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     set them up?
               THE COURT:
                            Yes.
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               MS. BARNES:
                            And the formats?
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               THE COURT:
                            Yes.
                                  Correct.
               Why can't you do that immediately?
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               I am asking the data expert?
               MS. CLAXTON: The data and programs are available.
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               THE COURT:
                            So that another expert can use them to
     manipulate the figures?
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               MS. CLAXTON: Yes.
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               THE COURT:
                            I don't use "manipulate" in a
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     derogatory sense, but can work with the figures?
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               MS. CLAXTON:
                             Sure.
                            That will be a help to them?
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               THE COURT:
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               MS. CLAXTON:
                             Sure.
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THE COURT: Can you give them that right away in usable form on computer disks or however these experts use it?

MS. CLAXTON: Right.

THE COURT: Okay.

Who is the expert going to be who is going to testify about this?

MS. BARNES: Lucy Allen, your Honor, who testified in Hamilton.

THE COURT: Has she provided all Rule 26 data on her background?

MS. BARNES: No. I will be happy to do that.

THE COURT: All right.

By January 6th, a partial report will be completed which will include all -- I am saying this provisionally, so defendants can be heard of course. All data in usable form will be supplied. Plaintiffs experts will communicate orally if necessary or in writing with one or two experts from the defendants. I don't want the plaintiffs expert deluged with a lot of expert calls.

The defendants will get together and get an expert who is reasonable and professional and get in touch with the plaintiffs' data people and experts and try to exchange this data in usable form so that everybody can proceed as rational scientists. Right?

That's what I propose to do subject to hearing from 1 2 everybody. That you can accomplish, correct? 3 MS. CLAXTON: Yes. 0kay. 4 THE COURT: 5 The rest of the Rule 26 material with respect to when the expert is testifying and all the background of the 6 7 expert, et cetera, that can be supplied by January 6th, which 8 will be supplied. 9 MS. BARNES: Yes, your Honor. As I understand it, the only thing you THE COURT: 10 11 can't give them by January 6th is the analysis of the data. 12 Right? 13 MS. CLAXTON: Right. THE COURT: Do you have in beginning your analysis 14 the equations and other material that you will be using in 15 16 the analysis? MS. CLAXTON: Well --17 18 THE COURT: Your programs --19 MS. CLAXTON: Actually not, having just really gotten the data into readable format two weeks ago. 20 When will you have your programs? 21 THE COURT: 22 MS. BARNES: We're really looking, your Honor, at 23 January 15th. THE COURT: All right. 24

January 15th. You will also give the defendants

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your programs, whatever they may be, so that they can replicate your results with the data you've already furnished. Okay. So they don't have to go grubbing around trying to figure out what you did, right?

MS. CLAXTON: Right.

THE COURT: I want you to be entirely candid with the defendants' experts on what the rationale was, what the programs were, et cetera. Okay. Then you will have your final runs and your final conclusions by the 15th.

We will have a partial report on the 6th and a final report on the 15th, if that's the program.

Anyway, what is the defendants' views?

MR. HALL: Your Honor, Mark Hall speaking for, primarily, the manufacturer defendants, and some of the distributor defendants may have different views; I am not sure.

The concern that would remain, I think, with that way of proceeding is that the defendants would still not have enough time, although it would definitely be helpful and our experts could get started.

There are two major obstacles here or two major tasks the defendants experts have to undertake. As the Court has identified, first the plaintiffs have, in effect, set up the raw ATF data to set up a new database. My understanding is we will get that on January 6th. Our experts can begin

looking at that and analyzing it. The second major task that the defendants' experts must undertake is to understand and replicate the analysis that the plaintiffs' experts do based on this new database that they have created.

My concern is that with the February 28th due date for just these ATF expert data reports -- all of our other reports, by the way, will be provided on the schedule per the magistrate's order on February 19th, so all we're addressing are the reports dealing with this ATF data, that the experts working on that would not have enough time to replicate the analysis that the plaintiffs have done, understand it, analyze it, decide what responses is appropriate and then do the necessary analysis that they would need to do to put together their programs, write their code, prepare reports and provide those to the plaintiffs.

I would propose that in fairness -- I should mention that back in October when the magistrate first set this schedule, there were detailed submissions by both parties. I think the magistrate had a very detailed and clear understanding of this and recognized it and the magistrate set a schedule that gave the defense experts eight weeks to respond. I think the magistrate understood that that was critical. We felt that was the minimum time we would need to be able to respond to the plaintiffs' work and do everything that was necessary.

In this most recent order, the magistrate cut that back. We were left with seven weeks. We believe that that is the absolute minimum. Now, given the Court's proposal, we're going to get a little bit of a head start on that, and that's going to be very helpful. I would propose a commensurate extension be given just for this ATF data experts of, I think it would take us up to March 7th for the defense experts to provide their reports in response to -- given that we won't get the actual analysis of the plaintiffs' experts until January 15.

THE COURT: What is the trial date?

MR. HALL: March 24.

Selection of the jury on the 24th.

THE COURT: All right. What are the other defendants?

MR. TENNEY: Your Honor, Jim Tenney for the Jerry's defendants. Two things. First, we support an extension of time obviously. Jerry's is in a position that it has not been involved in other firearms litigation. We have our own expert, Dr. McInerney that has been working feverishly with other people from the ATF in obtaining data. It may not be the same people that Ms. Barnes was dealing with but there were people from the ATF. We haven't been sitting still.

We have an enormous task in front of us because we don't have a track record. We don't have, from other

litigations, the wherewithal. We're proceeding fresh. Our position was initially that if plaintiff was given more time, we need more time. It is extremely important for us to at least first get the March 7th date.

The second thing is our expert be able to contact plaintiffs' expert if we are going to first use manufacturers expert, one to one, and they can communicate. It seems a logical solution. If Dr. McInerney still has problems, he should be allowed to talk to the plaintiffs' expert about the data.

THE COURT: What's wrong with that?

MR. TENNEY: You said one expert.

THE COURT: I remember that Jerry's had its own --

MR. TENNEY: Yes.

THE COURT: There will be two experts. I don't see anything wrong with that except it seems to me desirable for the defendants' experts to talk to each other.

MR. TENNEY: Sure.

MR. HALL: Right.

THE COURT: So the experts can get together without harassing each other.

MR. TENNEY: I think that would be easy enough,

Judge. We tried and told them not to -- there was a matter I

just wanted to bring to the Court's attention that we

submitted to Judge Pollak a document we got from the city

1 Corporation Counsel that said --2 THE COURT: Excuse me. 3 Mark this as a Defendant Jerry's Exhibit, please at 4 this evidentiary hearing. (Whereupon, Defendant (Jerry's) Exhibit 1 was 5 6 received in evidence, as of this date.) 7 THE COURT: I don't see what bearing that has on 8 what I am deciding. 9 MR. TENNEY: Just to the fact that on the third 10 page it says the preparer of certain reports that the 11 plaintiff got was Howard Andrews, who was the plaintiffs' expert in this case. 12 13 I got back a letter from Ms. Barnes to Judge 14 Pollak. THE COURT: Mark this as an exhibit as well. 15 16 (Whereupon, Defendant (Jerry's) Exhibit 2 was received in evidence, as of this date.) 17 18 MR. TENNEY: I think that's the right one. THE COURT: I don't understand what that --19 MR. TENNEY: I don't think on this official record, 20 21 if we got to go through things, that somebody should be saying I can't read. I don't think between colleagues that 22 23 should be going on. THE COURT: I don't understand anyone -- the third 24 25 full paragraph you mean. Objections be ignored?

MR. TENNEY: The one before that, in the middle where "Mr. Tenney can't read."

THE COURT: Well, I take it in a technical sense, can't read the data and figures the way we read. I don't take that as an insult.

I don't want any insulting words exchanged among counsel or experts.

MR. TENNEY: I appreciate your comment, Judge.

Other than that, those are the two issues we were grappling with, the extension of time and the sharing of information.

THE COURT: Okay.

Does anybody else wish to be heard.

MR. FLETCHER-HILL: Larry Fletcher-Hill for Beretta.

If the time for plaintiffs is extended, we certainly join in and appreciate the commensurate extension for the defendants. I think it is important to emphasize one thing here which is that the accusations that the defendants have done nothing and are in some sense free-loading on the work of --

THE COURT: I don't credit that. I assume your experts were working. Plaintiffs' counsel doesn't know what is happening in your shops.

MR. ROSENBAUM: One more thing I wanted to raise.

Leonard Rosenbaum for numerous defendants and counsel for manufacturers.

We ask when we do finally get the data and analysis from the plaintiffs, it be in final complete form. We don't have to go back as we did in the Hamilton case. We were deposing plaintiffs' experts the day before trial. We want to make sure there this is complete, we are not being told the analysis is still on going, that certain data still has to be replicated.

THE COURT: I understand the problem. Your Honor,
Jim Dorr in Chicago on behalf of Sturm, Ruger. I appreciate
being able to participate by phone rather than in person.

In the follow up with what Lenny Rosenbaum just said, one other thing I would like to make sure the record clearly reflects so we can begin proceeding with plaintiffs, our other expert depositions, that plaintiff is representing to the Court and to defense counsel that her other ten experts whom she has disclosed will not in any way be relying on any of the ATF trace database or the analyses which are done by the two remaining experts for which she is seeking an extension.

We can't proceed to depose her other experts if in fact they are going to tell us, oh, we're going to be relying on this other material, but if plaintiff is now representing to the Court and to us that her other experts will not be

relying in any way for their opinions or testimony in this case on the trace database or the analyses performed by Mr. Andrews or Ms. Allan, then we can proceed with taking their depositions.

THE COURT: I don't want to get involved in that issue. Take it up with the magistrate judge should it arise. I am only going to deal with the narrow appeal I now have before me.

The defendants may have that additional nine days that I am giving to the plaintiffs.

Submit an order. Try to agree on its terms.

MR. ROSENBAUM: Thank you, your Honor.

MS. BARNES: Your Honor, if I could just on a couple of points that have come up.

I would like to know for the record that the defendants will have five weeks longer to replicate, having gotten the data and the full report that plaintiffs have had in dealing with this issue and putting together work product. The other issue is, I would respectfully request that a lawyer from my office be present or be able to be present during any conversations had between the expert defendants and my experts.

I say that in hopes this lawyer, me or whoever else, will not say anything or do anything and will certainly not make this issue into more than it needs to be. But what

I have found in this litigation and what, unfortunately, your Honor has just seen is an example of the kind of delays and unnecessary wasting of time.

The other problem is defendants' experts, some of whom have been in this litigation before, have been at trial with plaintiffs experts. I would not want these informal meetings that should be between scientists to turn into a defacto deposition by defendants' experts of plaintiffs' experts.

THE COURT: Excuse me. Nothing that one expert says to another expert will be used in evidence. I don't see any point in making a record. I want no recordings of the conversations among the experts. That's it.

MS. BARNES: Any attorneys allowed to be present?

THE COURT: I don't see any point of getting the attorneys involved because then the experts tend to allow the attorneys to speak to them.

I think the experts I have seen in this litigation or at least prior forms of the litigation are call good scientists and I expect them to work together in an honorable way. I don't think we need a lawyer.

MS. BARNES: May I have an affirmative -- as

Mr. Dorr requested, may I have an affirmative representation
that no attorney will be present by e-mail, by phone or
whatever, with their experts in terms of discussing.

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THE COURT: I am not going to be so formal. No. Just put in an order, what I have decided here. Try to agree on the terms. If you can't agree on your terms, furnish alternate forms of the order. Get it out immediately because time is of the essence. The magistrate judge's order is affirmed except as slightly modified. Thank you. THE CLERK: There are three or four outstanding motions. We have a number of outstanding motions which we wanted to put on for the 10th. THE COURT: There is a motion that goes on beyond that. THE CLERK: Right. You have the 10th, one for the 27th, Beretta has just asked for an extension. Then we have one by Taurus. MS. BARNES: We do?

THE COURT: What date do you all want. I don't want to drag you all in constantly.

FLETCHER-HILL: We had one motion for Beretta
Holdings, which we had discussion with Ms. Barnes and agreed
on the briefing schedule. It will be fully briefed by the
17th. We would like to have it heard that week.

THE COURT: Put everything on for the 27th so that we don't have to drag you in.

MS. BARNES: I think the parties have what has been styled an abstention motion which they might want to have heard earlier.

THE COURT: Abstention?

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MR. FLETCHER-HILL: It is a motion for an interim stay.

THE COURT: I am not going to give you a stay.

MR. FLETCHER-HILL: It is not my motion.

THE COURT: Put everything for the 27th, all motions.

THE CLERK: 29th, January 29.

THE COURT: All pretrial motions should be made returnable on that date.

Okay. Thank you very much.

MR. TOBIAS: Your Honor, if may, David Tobias for distributor defendants, Faber and Riley's.

You just said all pretrial motions to be returnable. We have a problem with that. You denied with leave to renew motions on personal jurisdiction. I would hope that motion wouldn't be subsumed. We're only going to get final reports from Ms. Barnes on the 15th. We would like some time to review those. They may in fact be relevant to the renewal motions. I just want the record to be clear that

if you don't mean all --

THE COURT: I do mean all.

MR. TOBIAS: All right.

THE COURT: I want them all on the 27th so we can clear the decks or the 29th.

MR. TENNEY: May I be heard for Jerry's defendants. It is very important for us to see what analyses the plaintiff comes up with, because as the plaintiff has said today, there has to be a disproportionate number of handguns. If the analyses of their expert shows they are not disproportionate, a summary judgment motion for us and others might be appropriate. We would only have a thirteen-day span to make that.

THE COURT: The trial is beginning March 24th.

Normally, I don't require permission for any further motions but in this case, I will.

All motions returnable the 29th. If you want to make any further motions, get permission from either the magistrate judge or me. Get it from me. There may be a Daubert motion. There may be some other motions. I want very short preliminary papers before I give you permission to go beyond that date. It is time to get the case tied up and ready for trial.

Anything further? (Silence).